EMERGENCE AND ITS IMPACT OF ORGANIZED UNRECOGNIZED RETAILORS IN FMCG -FOOD AND BEVERAGE

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ABSTRACT:

This review investigates relationship advertising and the presence of connections in mass customer markets according to the purchasers' viewpoint, with the attention on the Fast-Moving Consumer Good (FMCG) area. We have investigated the effect of coordinated unnoticed retailors in FMCG-food and refreshment area. The review features the predominant unidentified perspectives that exist among purchasers to relationship promoting as it is operationalised in FMCG markets. It is observed that according to the customers' viewpoint connections don't and can't exist in these business sectors and that the idea of trade in such business sectors isn't relationship based. Thus, the examination infers that there is a need to get away from relationship manner of speaking in FMCG markets, and to investigate the real essence of trade in the journey for successful showcasing procedures. The exploration additionally recommends that further examination on relationship advertising should zero in on circumstances where connections do and can exist and therefore the limits of relationship showcasing ought to be restricted to just these circumstances. By offering the buyer viewpoint on connections and relationship advertising this review widens comprehension of the peculiarity and makes a significant commitment to the relationship promoting banter. Likewise, this gives an understanding with regards to unnoticed market portions which drive colossal benefits.

Keywords-Relationships; Relationship Marketing; Mass Consumer Markets; Consumer Perspective; FMCG

INTRODUCTION:

Relationship advertising has been stylish for over twenty years (Harker and Egan, 2006). Its supporters consider it to be an arising worldview that guarantees much in the method of consumer loyalty and faithfulness (Sheth and Parvatiyar, 1995; Gummesson, 1999). The most essential definitions highlight relationship advertising as drawing in and keeping clients in the long haul. The point is to change over purchaser conduct and status from passing easygoing experience, through promoting mediations, to serious relationships (Varey, 2002). Relationship showcasing advocates battle that promoting can as of now not just be tied in with creating, selling and conveying items, where the accentuation was coordinated towards getting clients rather than keeping them. It is continuously more worried about the turn of events and support of commonly fulfilling associations with clients (Buttle, 1996), and holds the guarantee of keeping clients steadfast (Gummesson, 1994; Bulger, 1999). This pursuit is portrayed by the journey to both completely comprehend and expect the clients' necessities, in a bid to foster dependable and

commonly beneficial connections (Earp et al. 1999). A two-way or discourse showcasing interchanges approach is expected to help the foundation, support and improvement of a collaborations interaction assuming that relationship advertising is to be fruitful (Sheth and Parvatiyar, 2000). Relationship showcasing was at first imagined as a way to deal with advertising in between association (Jackson, 1985) and administration circumstances (Berry, 1983) on the premise that, these areas, given their accentuation on close relational purchaser dealer contact, required an elective worldview to that which was prevailing in mass buyer products markets. For sure, as of now, relationship showcasing was viewed as improper in promoting settings outside of modern and administrations enterprises. Be that as it may, premium among scholastics and experts in the accomplishment of this showcasing idea and the blast of distributed work through the 1990s analyzing and broadening social application, brought about area expansion to mass purchaser markets. Relationship showcasing, notwithstanding, while acquiring acknowledgment and acknowledgment among scholastics and specialists as an idea with much potential, still can't seem to secure uncontested importance and application both across and inside various ventures and roads of examination (Barnes, 1995; Buttle, 1996; Earp et al 1999; Pressey and Tzokas, 2006; Harker and Egan, 2006). Notwithstanding an enormous writing its importance and application stays vague, which as per Payne (2000) needs goal. In this unique situation, this paper is situated inside the area of mass purchaser merchandise markets and to concentrate the review, all the more explicitly in

Fast Moving Consumer Goods (FMCG) markets. As per Barnes (1997) little idea has been given to which components of shopper markets would best profit from a relationship approach, while Harker and Egan (2006) call attention to that the supposition that connections exist among providers and clients in mass advertising circumstances has not been tested in any significant manner. This is in accordance with Rao and Perry (2002) and Palmer et al. (2005) who guess that not everything clients may need or require a relationship with providers. Subsequently, to analyze the relationship approach and clients' mentalities towards it, in one component of purchaser showcases, this review centers around the FMCG area. FMCG markets are characterized as generally modest, habitually bought and quickly devoured things on which purchasers apply just insignificant buying exertion (Dibb et al. 2006: 298) and in that exists an absence of both relationship hypothesis building and testing, over shadowed by the hurry to accept the relationship advertising idea that has found effective application somewhere else. Thus, it is at this point unclear assuming connections exist in these business sectors and regardless of whether customers need connections in FMCG markets. The general target of the paper, consequently, is to build up according to the shoppers' point of view, in case connections exist in FMCG markets. In like manner, the accompanying area inspects the relationship viewpoint in buyer markets.

LITERATURE REVIEW:

Since the mid-1990s the talk of shopper advertising has drastically changed and presently mirrors an accentuation on connections, devotion and client maintenance, where once the value-based promoting blends the board approach overwhelmed. Various articles have started to

broaden social trade as a worldview past its customary area of high worth modern products and administration ventures, to the generally low worth, high volume merchandise offered to private buyers (Palmer, 1996). The inescapability of this relationship approach has driven Petrof (1997) to remark that apparently relationship promoting has turned into the acknowledged universality in mass shopper markets. Basically, relationship promoting's development in mass shopper markets was driven by a craving for rehash business. Different recommendations regarding how this may happen are seen in the writing. It is proposed by a few (for instance, Dwyer et al. 1987; Holmlund and Kock, 1996) that the improvement of connections will bring about a faithful arrangement of clients. Others (for instance, Sheth and Parvatiyar, 1995; Kandampully and Duddy, 1999) recommend that relationship advertising would bring about consumer loyalty which thusly would bring about unwaveringness and drive relationship advancement, while others (for instance, Szmigin and Bourne, 1998; Varey, 2002) highlight the suspicion made that drawn out suffering connections could be worked with a dedicated arrangement of clients. In such manner reliability is viewed as a driver of connections. Inside this environment, procedures predicated upon ceaseless client securing started to lose believability, as those worried about client maintenance and the worth of steadfast clients started to dominate. In particular, relationship showcasing arose in shopper markets with the guarantee of client maintenance in a commercial center that was described by exceptional contest. The development of information base and on-line correspondences innovation, which as indicated by many (for instance, Dwyer et al, 1987; Pine et al. 1995; Palmer, 1999) opened the chance of making individual associations with a mass market, fuelled the drive towards relationship advancement in mass shopper markets. Without a doubt, in this specific circumstance, Gronroos (1999) changed his previous position (1991) to battle that information base innovation could furnish the resources to draw in with purchasers who needed individual treatment.

These innovative advances caught the consideration of advertisers and scholastics as a methodology that vows to convey a critical upper hand and empowered late improvements like balanced showcasing and mass customisation. These advancements guarantee the fulfillment of individual client necessities at a mass—market level. Balanced advertising (Peppers and Rogers, 1999) or client driven showcasing (Sheth et al. 2000) includes creating associations with individual clients (Dibb et al. 2006) as masses customisation, which means to fulfill clients needs at a singular level (Jobber and Fahy, 2006). These advancements are vigorously reliant upon Customer Relationship Management (CRM), which utilizes innovation improved client association to shape suitable promoting offers, intended to support progressing organization connection with individual clients (Dibb et al. 2006). The idea of a CRM framework is that it is fit for empowering advertisers to execute successful client maintenance systems by checking, fulfilling and reminding them about labor and products. Purchasers can straightforwardly voice concerns, objections and ideas, while the supplier can react straightforwardly and explicitly to every individual.

As Varey would like to think, CRM can be the empowering influence of relationship showcasing (2002). Others anyway are not persuaded that individual connections can be inherent along these

lines. Numerous in the writing contend that such showcasing endeavors are neglecting to make select associations with clients with much CRM practically speaking close to mechanized profiling and informing. To be sure, Earp et al. (1999) contend that association's endeavors to assemble connections through expanded utilization of data sets are indeed adding to an expansion in client wantonness, by conveying extraordinary offers and so forth under the control of purchasers, subsequently reassuring them to utilize the proposals of many contending organizations. Further to this Pels (1999: 9) asks isn't this "innovation permits me-to-do approach absolutely creation situated" and further asks which job do the new mechanical advances play in creating cooperation. The presence of a data set doesn't suggest that an organization is effectively keeping up with associations with its clients. As per Earp et al. (1999) strategic components, which don't work with communication however just empower individual contacts to be made fall outside the situation of relationship promoting, the consequence of which is polygamous, partitioned reliability or no faithfulness. Also, Barnes (2001) is of the assessment that data sets hinder relationship development when they are utilized to advance at clients instead of to supporting the trading of thoughts and data with them. The consequence of this is that many market framework members are exposed to close to a costly innovation of alienative contact (Varey, 2002). Generally, IT equipment and programming can't supplant legitimate human association. In this setting Dowling (2002) suggests that a CRM program intended to fabricate a profound situated relationship with a client of a brand is bound to be a heartfelt interruption than a savvy advertising technique. Clearly then, at that point, expansion of the relationship promoting idea into purchaser markets, has gotten minimal the method of arrangement among scholastics. Without a doubt, it very well may be contended that there has been deficient discussion on the propriety of relationship showcasing in shopper markets or how buyer markets would best profit from a relationship approach.

All the more explicitly in any case, what is especially striking is the way that examination on the customer side of the relationship, according to the shoppers' viewpoint has been practically missing. While many have endeavoured to depict what relationship showcasing envelops, inspected techniques for rehearsing relationship advertising and praised the advantages to be acquired from relationship promoting, few have basically analysed relationship showcasing according to the purchasers' point of view. To be sure, many creators have caused to notice this (for instance, Sheth and Parvatiyar, 1995; Barnes, 1997; Pressey and Tzokas, 2006) however the examination directed remaining parts lacking. Accordingly, the fundamental inquiries of whether, why and in what structures buyers look for and esteem progressing connections remain generally unanswered (Webster, 1992). It follows those investigations of connections that just analyse the perspectives on one party (organization) can, best case scenario, just give a fractional generally speaking picture. The spotlight for most scholastics is on techniques for creating innovation that empower organizations to alter and fit correspondences to individual clients to understand the advantages. In this way, concentrates on that look at the perspectives on the other party (client) are needed to finish the image and to move the discussion on relationship

advertising usefully forward. Advertisers need to see connections through the organization's eyes as well as through the eyes of their purchasers (Varey, 2002; Pressey and Tzokas, 2006).

To be sure, Pressey and Tzokas (2006) report that an absence of examination on the shopper point of view doesn't permit the foundation to decide the value of relationship showcasing according to the clients' viewpoint and therefore it tends to be contended that a restricted comprehension of the customer in purchaser markets debilitates the relationship promoting area. As demonstrated, the reason for this paper is to introduce data according to the customers' point of view. The general goal of the paper is to set up according to the customers' point of view, assuming connections exist in FMCG markets. From this, further sub goals emerge. In particular, the purchasers' assessments of and perspectives towards relationship promoting as it is operationalised in FMCG showcases not set in stone. Further to this, the examination attempts to build up assuming that relationship showcasing attempts to fulfil the clients' requirements and why and in what conditions this may occur. McDonald (2003) noticed that scholastic advertisers have been blamed for discussing progressively limited issues in an undeniably invulnerable language, inciting Palmer and Bejou (2005) to address if there exists an unbridgeable hole among hypothesis and practice. This paper presents significant data in assisting with overcoming that issue by investigating the focal issue of connections in FMCG showcases and introducing the customers' point of view on their reality or in any case.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To identify impact on unrecognized retail segments such as food as beverage.
- 2. To understand gap which creates a drift in FMCG product segments.

FMCG market in India:

Quick Consumer Goods (FMCG) can be characterized as stuffed products that are burnedthrough orsold at normal and little spans. The costs of the FMCG are generally less and benefits acquired through such deals are more volume based. The coordinated FMCG retailing in India is a newidea and is quick making up for lost time in metropolitan and semi-metropolitan India. The FMCG Sector in India has seen a scope of late turns of events. Charge derivations on different things, ascend in the infiltration levels and per capita utilization are a portion of the majoradvancements in FMCG. The FMCG Sector in India is the fourth biggest area in the Indianeconomy. According to the reports of the 2005-06 monetary years, the market size of the area wasenlisted as USD 13.1 billion. The FMCG Sector in India includes a severe rivalry betweenthe coordinated and disorderly areas of buyer durables. India offers a plenitude of crudematerials (Some item classes like jams, toothpaste, healthy skin items, hair careitems, and so on have encountered a low for every capital utilization according to a report introduced in 2006.),low-evaluated work costs, and furthermore has a presence across the whole worth chain. Roughly 200 million individuals are relied upon to turn into the buyers of handled andbundled food sources constantly 2010. The significant exercises of the food-handling area are allowed100% unfamiliar value or 100% NRI and Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCB) venture to meetthe rising interest of the customers. In the year 2012 (Table.1), the new advancements inFMCG, it is accepted that the utilization of the FMCG items will have an

agreeablydevelopment with the rising pay level of Indian people in both the country and metropolitan regions. Themarket size of the Indian FMCG Sector is relied upon to arrive at USD 33.4 billion continuously 2015.

The Indian government has proclaimed a few duty sops for the FMCG area in India. It hasaccentuated on the infrastructural advancements in the equivalent. The utilization of wellbeing andindividual consideration items in FMCG area has expanded in the new past with ascend in expendablepay particularly among the beginning phases bunch in India. A couple of the FMCG item are:

- Toiletries
- Cleansers and cleansers
- Cleaning and sanitizing specialists
- Beauty care products
- Non-durables
- Drugs

Further, the bundled food items and beverages are additionally sold under the FMCG, since thesethings are burned-through or purchased at ordinary spans. Besides, as of late the electronic things likecell phones, MP3 players, outer hard drives, and so on, which has less life attributable to itsmechanical turn of events, has likewise been brought under the array of FMCG area.

Possibilities of FMCG:

Statistical surveying - Market research is the key. Without the vital data, it becomeshard to comprehend the prerequisites of the clients. It gives basic data and course. It distinguishes market needs and needs, item includes, valuing, chiefs, appropriation channels, inspiration to purchase. They're all basic to the choice cycle.

Timing - Are components of the cycle facilitated? Is creation on a similar time plan asthe advancement? Will the item be prepared when you report it? Set a time span for the rollout, furthermore, stick to it. Numerous items should be planned to basic focuses in the business cycle. Miss it,Global Journal of Marketing, Financial Services and Management Researchfurthermore welcome disappointment. There are promoting stories in abundance about organizations making new itemdeclarations and afterward having to re-report when the item lingers behind in assembling. The outcome is loss of validity, loss of deals, and another disappointment.

Limit – If the new item or administration is effective, do you have the staff and producing ability to adapt to the achievement? Broadened lead times for new items can be similarly as destructive as terrible planning.

Testing - Test market the new item. Be certain it has the highlights the client needs. Be certainthe client will follow through on the cost being inquired. Be certain the merchant and deals association arehappy with selling it. You might have to test your publicizing and advancement too.

Conveyance— Who's/Which will sell the item? Would you be able to utilize a similar conveyance channel you right now use? Would you be able to utilize similar free agents or deals

power? Isthere adequate deals potential in the new item to persuade a merchant, retailer, or specialist totake on the new line? There are huge direct front selling costs associated with presenting newitems. Everybody in the channel needs some affirmation that the venture of time and cashwill be recuperated.

Preparing - The business association engaged with the promoting/selling, inside workers, and dispersion channels should be prepared with regards to the new item. In case the item is adequately complex, up close and personal preparing should be given. Or on the other hand maybe some sort of media program will do the work. Assuming the item isn't so mind boggling, writing might work. Once more, timing is basic. Train before the item hits the racks, not afterward.

Advancement - The limited time program to help the presentation: publicizing, expos, limited time writing, specialized writing, tests, motivations, Web webpage, classes, publicrelations. Time everything with creation, stock, shipments, and preparing. The new item willessentially sit in the stockroom without the right help materials. Examination, timing, and arrangingwould all be able to assist with expanding the likelihood of accomplishment.

Food and Beverage Industry Challenges:

While organizations, both enormous and little, have been dexterous enough to adjust to an evolving scene, the following are a couple of difficulties looked by the food and drink research industry today –

1. Wellbeing Considerations:

Food and statistical surveying show how shoppers are developing more mindful of food-related issues. This has prompted the job of food in the everyday advancing from past taste to nourishment and wellbeing. Numerous makers have been known to add sugar or different sugars to items. The expanding occurrence of diabetes, weight, and sensitivities has prompted dairy, gluten, and sugar utilization being denounced. Notwithstanding, with more shoppers perusing item marks this will end up being hazardous.

Item chiefs in the food and refreshment market today are zeroing in on items without additives and added substances. The test has been making extraordinary tasting, great nourishing options without compromising quality or taste while keeping up with cost-effectiveness. Another dietary pattern on the ascent in the food and refreshment research industry is the interest for natural food. Developing working together with the decrease of handled food, there has been expanding consciousness of natural food and its positive wellbeing sway.

2. Expanding Demand for Meat-options:

A rising level of the populace is becoming plant-forward, lessening their meat utilization. We accept this pattern will proceed with an eating regimen. This should be met with a comparing expansion in veggie lover and vegetarian items. This has prompted monsters in the food and refreshment industry like Sainsbury, Nestle, and Aldi dispatching meat choices at retail outlets. The fundamental designated spots are taste, surface, and sustenance. Be that as it may, the test

has been the time period. With advancing assumptions and request, purchasers and retailers the same are searching for new choices.

3. Supportability:

Every year, 108 billion pounds of food is squandered in the United States. Food and refreshment market information research shows that manageability has been a basic test looked by the business. It is important to smooth out the store network to diminish wastage and sort out choices for bundling and energy sources to limit the natural effect.

3. Absence of Transparency:

With developing moral worries, buyers need to be related with brands that keep up with straightforwardness and responsibility. Worldwide and divided stock chains frequently cause holes in discernibility.

Straightforwardness covers viewpoints going from the wellspring of new produce, the sort of ranches, the representatives and their functioning conditions to the kind of handling, bundling, and that's just the beginning.

While enormous brands in the food and drink industry can cover the holes, level two and three brands will struggle. This prompts an absence of straightforwardness across the worldwide food inventory network.

Food and Beverage Industry: Research and Opportunities:

In the light of the difficulties confronted, the food and refreshment industry is endeavoring to address advancing issues. With developing examination on fixing pairings, Sustainable to put more practical bundling and remarkable items on the racks and accessible online to address the difficulties of developing customer needs and request. Makers have reacted by clean marking their items. This incorporates featuring the beginning of the fixings and rattling off healthy, unmistakable fixings.

1. Wellbeing and Immunity:

The pandemic has simply served to feature the significance of sustenance and its job in wellbeing and insusceptibility. Shoppers are putting forth a more cognizant attempt to put wellbeing in the focal position. Food and statistical surveying shows expanding customer information on food and its job in insusceptibility. With developing consciousness of the association between stomach wellbeing and invulnerability, aged items are acquiring energy in the commercial center. Customers are avoiding added substances and additives, offering amazing extension to foster items that offer medical advantages made with quality fixings and regular character. This is a magnificent chance to saint new fixings and their dietary advantages. For example, fermented tea, kimchi, and other matured food varieties have been acquiring enormous ubiquity through the pandemic. A few local, little brands are growing new, great matured food items at home, sans additives.

2. Tech-empowered Transparency:

Toward the start of the pandemic, there was dread over the security in food handling and assembling focuses. As indicated by food and market start to finish inventory network straightforwardness will be a common subject in 2021 amidst the pandemic. Shoppers today are

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watching out for brands fit for building trust and certainty with solid and bona fide items. Food wastage is a gigantic issue in the business. Advancement in bundling will assist with settling when food sources are tossed out or proclaimed unsatisfactory for utilization. Innocentia in a joint effort with Invisible Interactive Inc is creating novel bundling empowering constant quality checking of the food. This arrangement is pointed toward diminishing food burn through and distinguishing ruined food on schedule.

This offers enormous freedom in re-examining the bundling with imperceptible standardized identifications and close field correspondence innovation.

3. Bundling:

With 74% of buyers able to pay an extra sum for items in maintainable bundling, brands need to get innovative, quick. Marks today are revaluating their methodology and feel comparative with natural effect. This has prompted development in eco-accommodating bundling material. While refillable compartments and returnable/reusable bundling isn't new, it is making an immense rebound.Brands like CupClub, Globelet, ReCup, and CupKita are pioneers in this space. Be that as it may, the forthcoming food pattern is extending past refreshments. New Bowl utilizes glass compartments to serve new plates of mixed greens which can be gotten back to its stand post utilization.

The utilization of antimicrobial bundling is able keeping food new for longer periods. Ready from biodegradable mud this furthermore lessens microbial activity relatively diminishing the capability of viral or microbial sicknesses. Nonetheless, this is a costly other option and there is research in progress to enhance this arrangement.

Eatable bundling has made considerable progress from being preposterous to being accessible for business purposes. Food and drink statistical surveying show that chitosan is the best. It is broadly accessible and has normal antibacterial movement. It functions as an actual obstruction by forestalling the immediate contact of microorganisms with the food. Furthermore, it hinders the respiratory action of microscopic organisms by obstructing the oxygen supply in the bundling. Basically, utilized for products of the soil bundling, it is almost certain it will be embraced by eateries for bundling focus points.

Bioplastics, for example, Polyethylene terephthalate (PET), ready from biodegradable, inexhaustible assets are as a rule widely utilized today. PET, created from feedstocks, has the most noteworthy reusing rate and can substitute petrol-based parts. As indicated by European Bioplastics, bio-based PET is a monetary and compelling type of plastic bundling. With a flexible surface made of vigorous filaments it can substitute bundling materials for holders, inflexible containers, and movies.

4. Plant-based Innovation:

The pandemic caused a significant change in dietary patterns. Information shows that an aggregate of 57% of US families bought plant-based food in 2020. The pandemic permitted individuals the reality to try different things with food and flavour. Food and drink statistical

surveying in the US show 92% first-time purchasers of elective protein said they would almost certainly keep buying meat choices past the pandemic. Food and refreshment statistical surveying exhibits that the contributing variables to the rising prominence of plant-choices was taste and wellbeing. Expanding lactose and creature-based food narrow mindedness, creature misuse contemplations, environmental change, and nourishing advantages presented by plant-based items were different elements.

As indicated by food and drink market information research, there is a 23% increment in the offer of plant-based meat when racked close to customary meat. Incomprehensible burgers, for example, have developed from being supplied at 300 stores to being accessible 20,000 stores in the US. With an increment sought after for plant-based other options, brands like Nestlé are deliberately chipping away at extending their plant-based choices. With expanding speculations from financial speculators, the plant-based food industry is seeing enormous advancement to satisfy evolving needs.

5. Invigorating Flavors:

The pandemic served to lessen distance by making worldwide cooking available. Buyers are expecting more decisions and assortment that are in line with a more comprehensive, worldwide, invigorating society. Social seclusion prompted thriving home cooks trying different things with flavor, food, and new fixings. Also, with movement boycotts and limitations on eating out, cooking has been restorative as a rule. This has prompted shoppers reproducing the café experience utilizing novel fixings and strategies. With more spotlight on wellbeing and health, fixings like berries, moringa, and entire flavours are probably going to see a blast in deals. There is greater freedom in displaying local fixings and customary cooking. Brands are obliging this interest by legend in different fixings and flavour profiles in their prepared to-eat dinners, sauces, soups, and feast units.

With restricted rack space, new items should be remarkable and engaging. This has prompted advancement utilizing new base fixings to make their items stick out.

CONCLUSION:

The arising patterns in new item dispatch (FMCG), has seen a wide scope of advancements inIndia, despite the fact that we have disadvantages. This article features the various kinds of issuesconfronted, the potential arrangements and what GDP means for the development of this industry. An unmistakablecomprehension of the different cycles included, will empower the business to capitalize on thewinning patterns in changing purchaser temperaments and interests. It is worthwhile to take note of that it isworkable for FMCG Industries to achieve changes in their systems in making customerinclinations by reasonably adjusting interest example and inclinations from their crude mentalityto current methods of living.

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